- (b) The exhalation resistance of demand apparatus shall not exceed 25 mm. (1 inch) water-column height.
- (c) The exhalation resistance of pressure-demand apparatus shall not exceed the static pressure in the face-piece by more than 51 mm. (2 inches) water-column height.
- (d) The static pressure (at zero flow) in the facepiece shall not exceed 38 mm. (1.5 inches) water-column height.
- (e) Resistance to exhalation airflow will be measured in the facepiece or mouthpiece of closed-circuit apparatus with a breathing machine as described in §84.88, and the exhalation resistance shall not exceed 51 mm. (2 inches) water-column height.

§84.92 Exhalation valve leakage test.

- (a) Dry exhalation valves and valve seats will be subjected to a suction of 25 mm. (1 inch) water-column height while in a normal operating position.
- (b) Leakage between the valve and the valve seat shall not exceed 30 milliliters per minute.

§84.93 Gas flow test; open-circuit apparatus.

- (a) A static-flow test will be performed on all open-circuit apparatus.
- (b) The flow from the apparatus shall be greater than 200 liters per minute when the pressure in the facepiece of demand-apparatus is lowered by 51 mm. (2 inches) water-column height when full container pressure is applied.
- (c) Where pressure demand apparatus are tested, the flow will be measured at zero gage pressure in the facepiece.
- (d) Where apparatus with compressed-breathing-gas containers are tested, the flow test shall also be made with 3,450 kN/m. 2 (500 p.s.i.g.) container pressure applied.

§84.94 Gas flow test; closed-circuit apparatus.

- (a) Where oxygen is supplied by a constant-flow device only, the rate of flow shall be at least 3 liters per minute for the entire rated service time of the apparatus.
- (b) Where constant flow is used in conjunction with demand flow, the constant flow shall be greater than 1.5 liters per minute for the entire rated service time.

(c) All demand-flow devices shall provide at least 30 liters of oxygen per minute when in the fully open position.

§84.95 Service time test; open-circuit apparatus.

- (a) Service time will be measured with a breathing machine as described in §84.88.
- (b) The open-circuit apparatus will be classified according to the length of time it supplies air or oxygen to the breathing machine.
- (c) The service time obtained on this test will be used to classify the open-circuit apparatus in accordance with §84.53.

§84.96 Service time test; closed-circuit apparatus.

- (a) The closed-circuit apparatus will be classified according to the length of time it supplies adequate breathing gas to the wearer during man test No. 4 described in Table 4 of this subpart.
- (b) The service time obtained on man test No. 4 will be used to classify the closed-circuit apparatus in accordance with §84.53.

§84.97 Test for carbon dioxide in inspired gas; open- and closed-circuit apparatus; maximum allowable limits

- (a) Open-circuit apparatus. (1) The concentration of carbon dioxide in inspired gas in open-circuit apparatus will be measured at the mouth while the apparatus mounted on a dummy head is operated by a breathing machine. An acceptable method for measuring the concentration of carbon dioxide is described in Bureau of Mines Report of Investigations 6865, A Machine-Test Method for Measuring Carbon Dioxide in the Inspired Air of Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus, 1966. Copies of Report of Investigations 6865 may be inspected or obtained from the NIOSH, Certification and Quality Assurance Branch, 1095 Willowdale Road, Morgantown, WV. 26505-2888.
- (2) The breathing rate will be 14.5 respirations per minute with a minute-volume of 10.5 liters.
- (3) A sedentary breathing machine cam will be used.
- (4) The apparatus will be tested at a temperature of $27 \pm 2^{\circ}$ C. (80 \pm 5° F.).